Underwater sound propagation prediction

Disclaimer

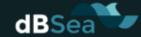
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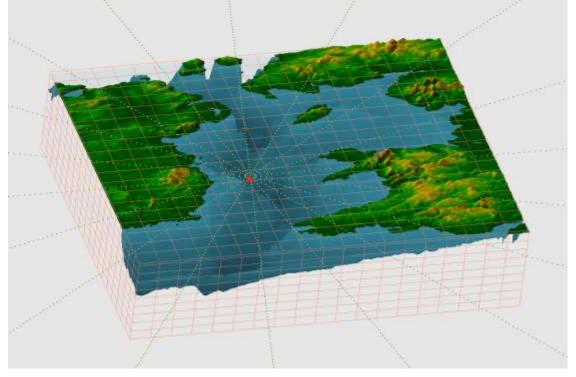


Background:

- → Increased awareness that marine noise is a significant pollutant.
- Acknowledgement that neither spreadsheet models or complicated coding interface models were conducive to good practise in impact assessment.

Key features of dBSea

- Industry leading propagation modelling,
- Full range dependency for all environmental variables
- ➤ Any number of moving or stationary sources
- User friendly interface, data input and results export.



Propagation modelling

dBSea uses 3 advanced propagation solvers to cover frequencies from 10 Hz to 168 Hz

- → dBSeaPE a parabolic equation solver, ideal for low frequency propagation problems
- → dBSeaModes a normal modes solver, compliments dBSeaPE for low frequency problems
- → dBSeaRay a ray tracing solver, applicable to all frequencies but excels at high frequencies
- Any combination of solvers can be used

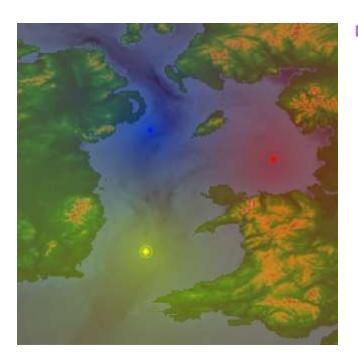


Environmental variables

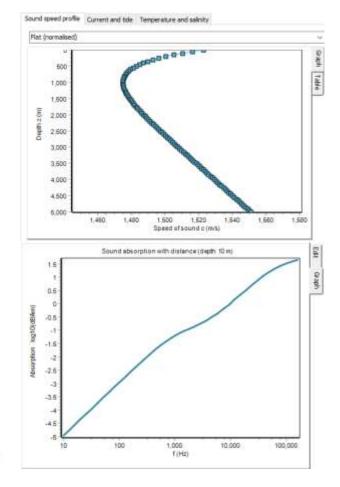
→ Import Sound speed profile, sediment profile, bathymetry, current, temperature and salinity

with copy/paste operations.

 Or if you have a lot of data, dBSea supports JSON script import



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"northing":150000,
"name":"point 1",
"comments":"comment 1",
"colour":"#ff0000",
"water":{
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    "salinity":15,
    "velocity":0.1,
    "direction":20,
    "name":"water 1",
    "comments":"wComments 1"
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```

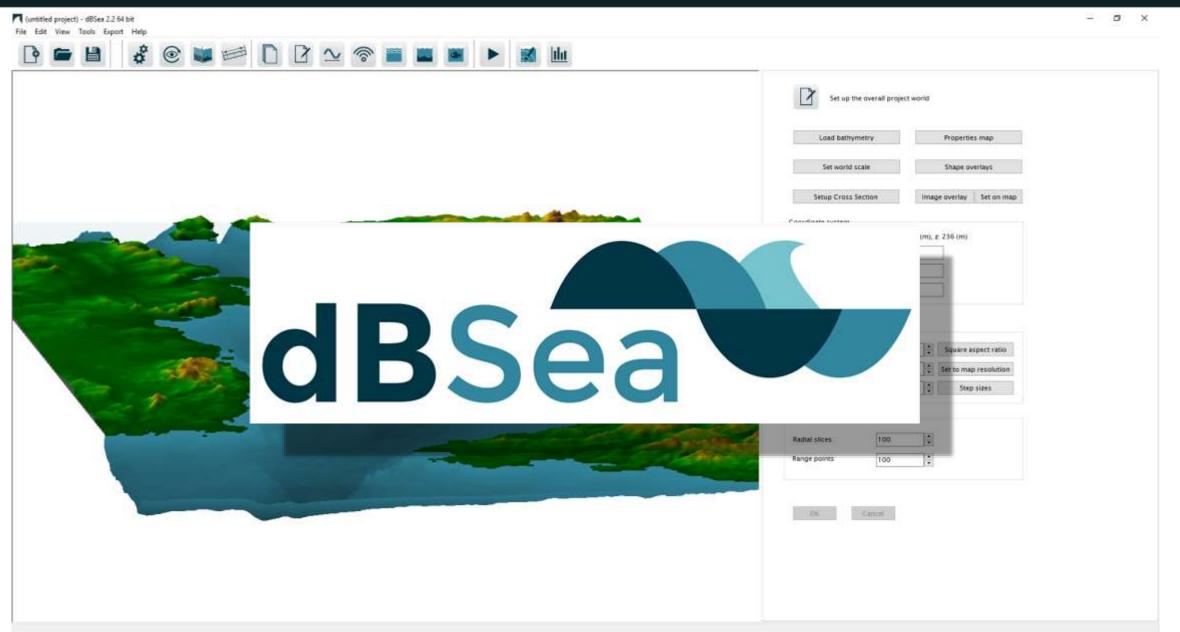




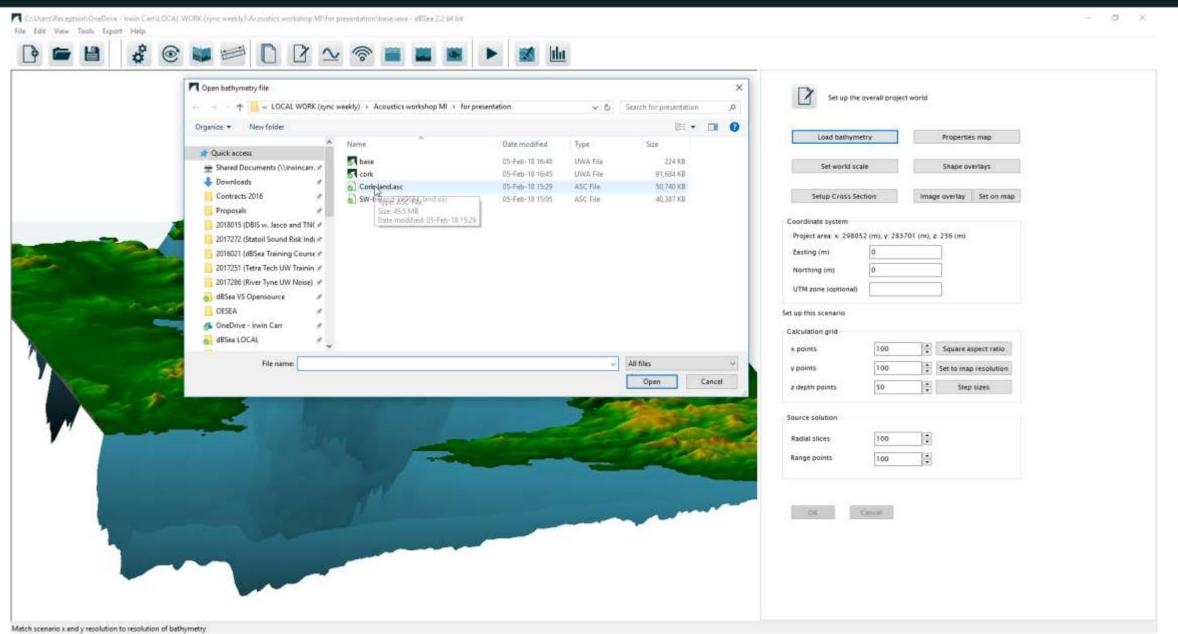
Work flow



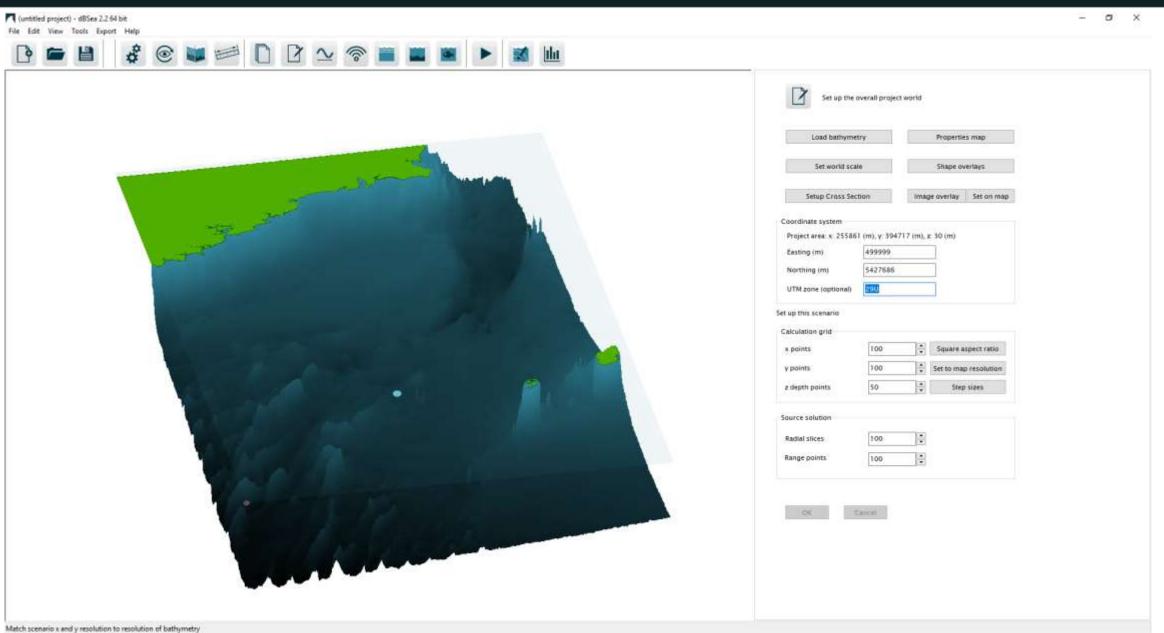


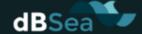


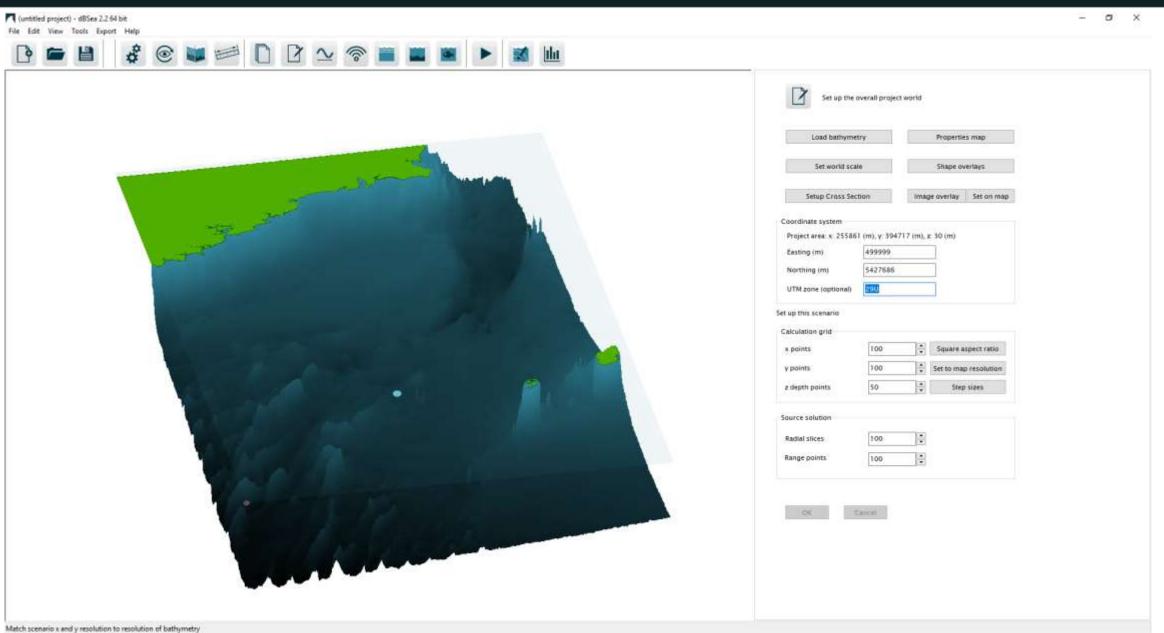


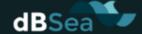


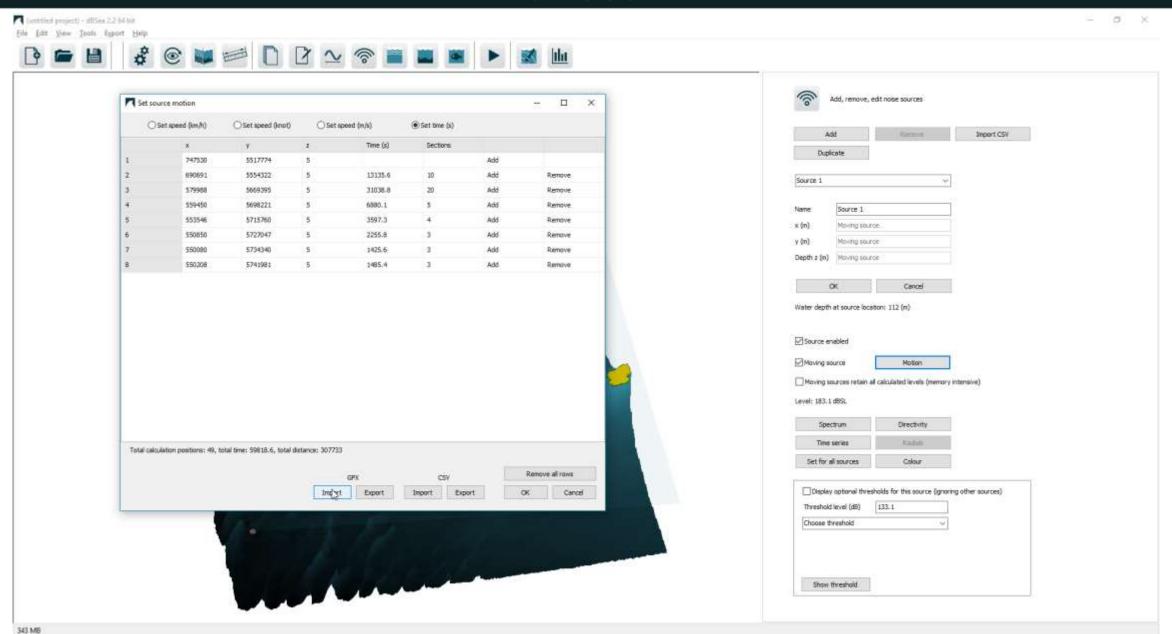




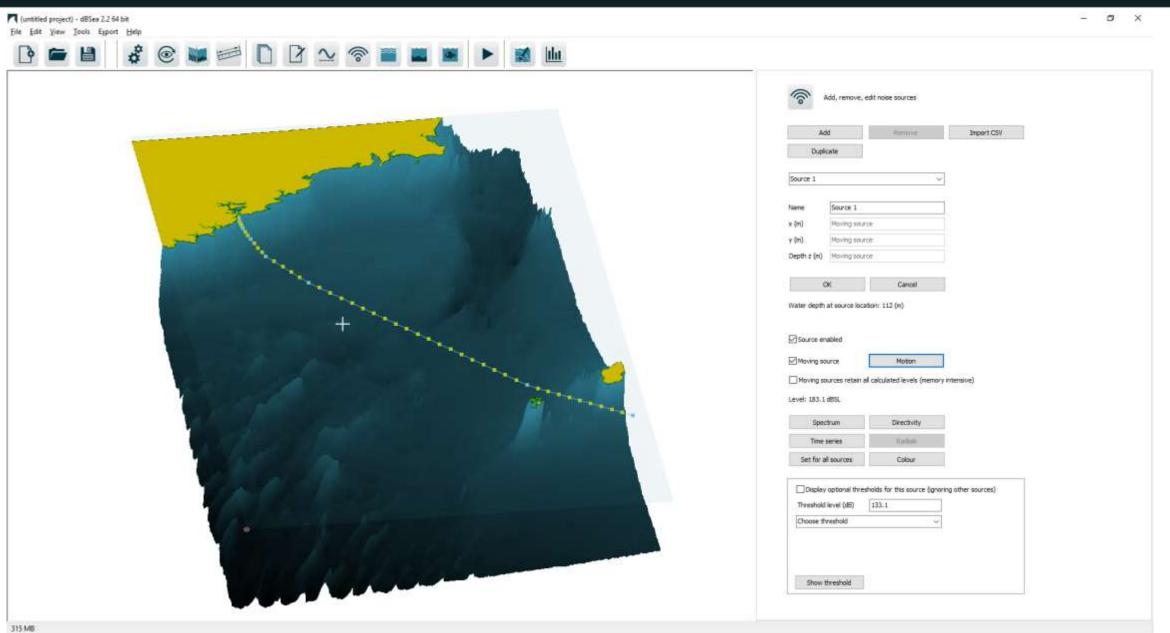




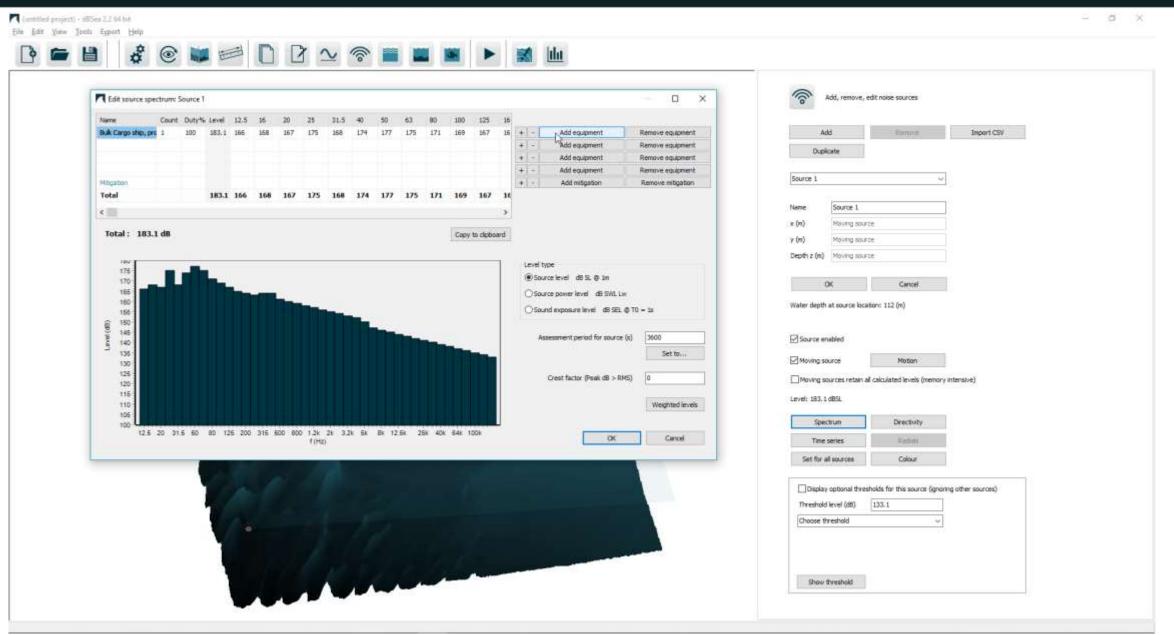
















C:\Users\Reception\OneDrive - Invin Carr\LOCAL WORK (sync weekly)\Acoustics workshop Ml\for presentation\cork.uwa - dBSea 2.2 64 bit - 0 X File Edit Yiew Jools Export Help Marine species weightings NOAA LF cetaceans (low frequency) NOAA MF cetaceans (mid frequency) NOAA HF cetaceans (high frequency) NOAA phocid pinnipeds (earless seals) NOAA otariid pinnipeds (eared seals) NOAA sirenians (manatees and dugongs) Cod Haddock Zander Pollack Atlantic salmon Sandine Catfish Harbour porpoise Killer whale Bottlengse dolphin Beluga whate Deprecated NOAA LF cetaceans Deprecated NOAA MF cetaceans Deprecated NOAA HF cetaceans Deprecated NOAA Phocid pinnipeds Deprecated NOAA Otariid pinnipeds Phocoena phocoena Attantic Cod Plaice Dab Pollock Herring Crey Seal Harbour Seal fin whale Minke whale Orca orcinus Tursiops truncatus NOAA LF Species TTS NOAA MF Species TTS NOAA HF Species TTS. NOAA PW Species TTS NOAA OW Species TTS Human Alk dB(A) weighting Human Underwater Modelled Human underwater, Modelled, normalised Petagic Fish, excl. Ctupelformes NOAA OW (Otariid, Eared Seals) Fish, pelagic + Demersal NOAA PW (Phocid, True Seals)

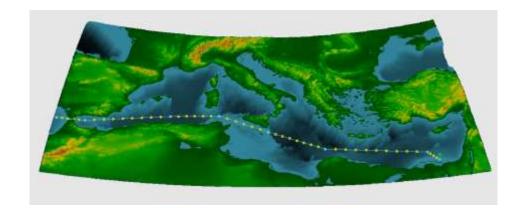


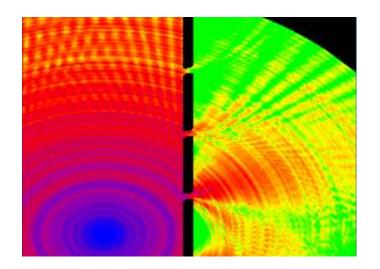




Sources and probes

- → Import any number of sources and probes, either moving or stationary, from csv or GPX files
- ➤ Soon to have autonomous "animats" that populate and move around the scenario according to sound levels, conspecifics and the environment, while being exposed to noise.

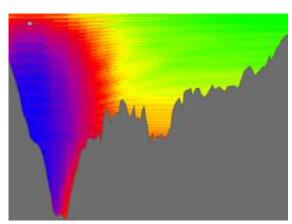


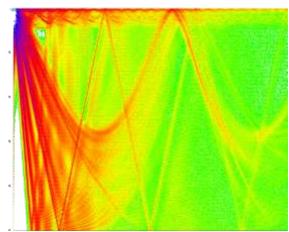


Inspect Data

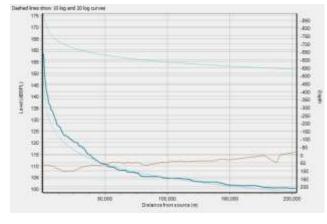
Use a number of in-build tools to validate and inspect models before export of results.

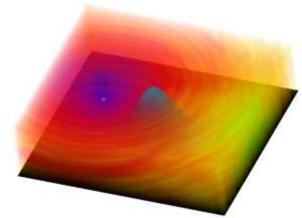
Transects



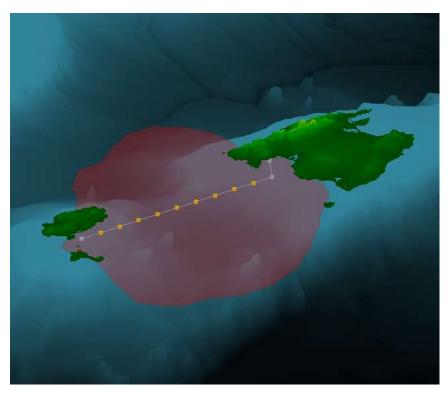


Transmission losses





Exclusion zones

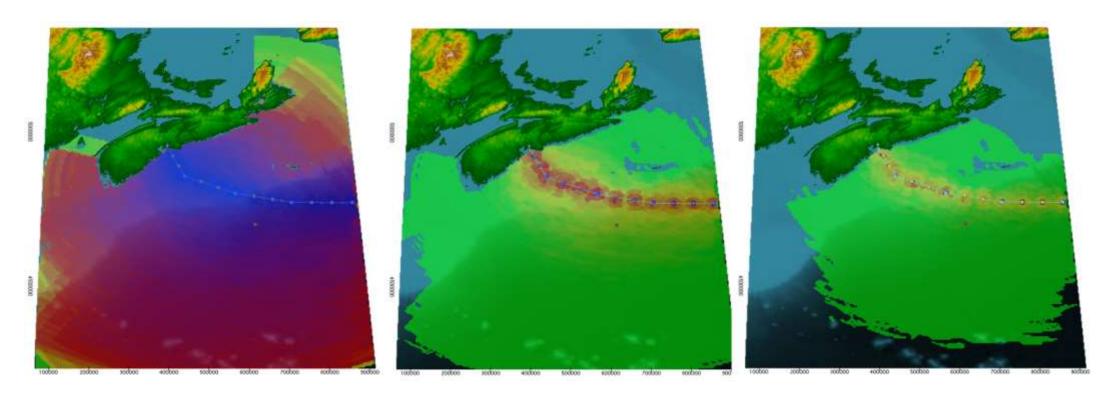




Inspect Data

Use a number of in-build tools to validate and inspect models before export of results.

Multiple scenarios - comparison of mitigation efforts, different receivers or equipment types

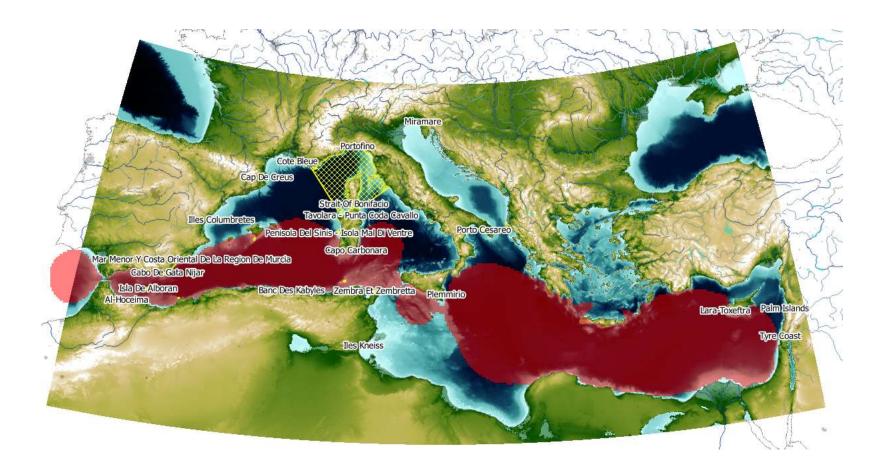






Data export

Export levels, exclusion zones or bathymetry, to integrate with you favourite GIS-solution







Thank you for listening!



